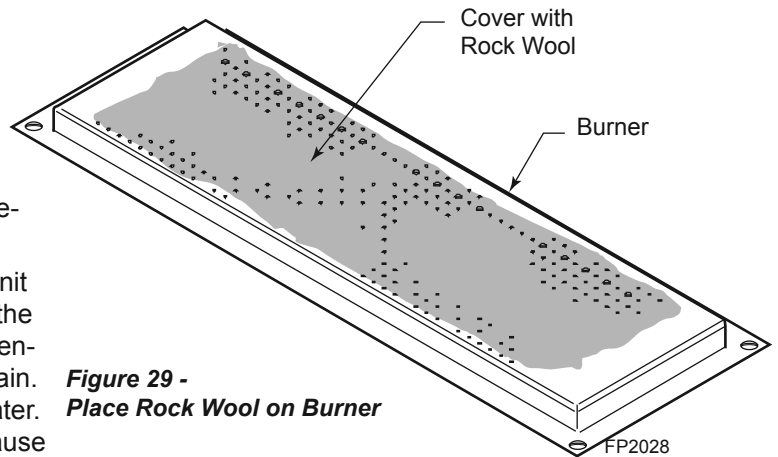


**ROCK WOOL PLACEMENT**

1. Place rock wool on burner to provide glowing embers. For best results, pull the rock wool apart into pieces the size of a nickel or dime.
2. Distribute one layer of rock wool to cover the entire burner. *Figure 29*
3. Place the logs on the burner. Refer to Log Placement Section.

If the flame is blue and only in the center, turn off unit and allow to cool. After unit cools, remove logs. If the back holes are clear, add more rock wool to the center of the burner. Replace logs and check flame again. Save left over rock wool to refresh when cleaning later. Too much rock wool can disturb the flame and cause sooting on the glass or logs.



**Figure 29 - Place Rock Wool on Burner**

**WARNING** Do not use the entire bag of rock wool to cover the burner. This could cause the flame to burn poorly and may lead to sooting.

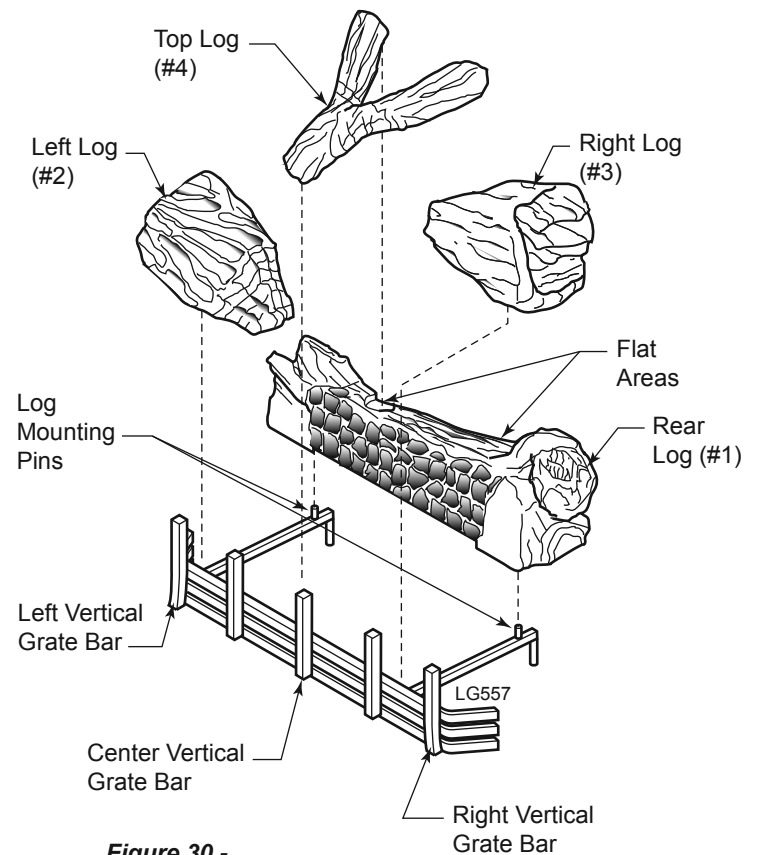
**LOG PLACEMENT**

*Figure 30*

1. Place rear log (#1) on grate assembly. Log should rest firmly on the two log mounting pins on the horizontal bars.
2. Place bottom left log (#2) on grate. Rest the back side of the log in the flat area of the rear log.
3. Place bottom right log (#3) on grate. Rest the back side of the log in the flat area of the rear log.
4. Place the top log (#4) on the rear log. Nest the forked end of the top left log into the fork of the rear log. Rest the narrow end of the top on the vertical grate bar.

**LAVA ROCK AND EMBER PLACEMENT**

Sprinkle lava rock on the floor of the inner combustion chamber. Evenly distribute the rock. Do not pile the lava rock up in front of grate. Do not place lava rock on the burner. If desired, purchase optional embers to decorate the floor of the fireplace.



**Figure 30 - Log Placement**

**WARNING** Do not sprinkle the lava rock or ember chunks on top of the burner. This may cause potential sooting, glass breakage and a fire hazard.